Research Strategy of the Forest Research Institute of Baden-Württemberg

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Structure

- Forest Research Landscape
- Forest Research Institute of Baden-Württemberg (FVA)
- Frame conditions
- Emerging issues
- Setting the agenda
- Current challenges



European Research Landscape

Päivinen 2007



Map of Forest Research Resources 2007 (FRI Survey in 2008, 43 organisations in 31 countries)



Forest Research Funding in Europe

Total app. 290 M€ in 2007



(N=43 FRIs in 31 countries)

Päivinen 2007

Forstliche Versuchsund Forschungsanstalt Baden-Württemberg 04/05/20:

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German Research Landscape

- ➤ 10 Forest Research Institutes
- ➤ 4 Faculties for Forest Science



Forest Research Institutes

Core activities:

- State of the art knowledge for policy advice
 Quick reaction to emerging topics
- Unbiased information
- Long term monitoring data
- Solutions for relevant and applied problems



FVA - Mandate

The Research Institute of Baden-Württemberg is responsible for forest research and advising private and community forest owners

Baden-Württemberg Forest Act § 76 (LWaldG):

"… The role of the Forest Research Institute is to provide the forest and timber industry with rational options for fulfilling the multiple forest functions and to investigate the ecological relationships between the forest and the environment."



Forest Research Institute Baden-Württemberg

FVA – Core Competences

Long term scientific monitoring

- Research plots and data
- socio-economic surveys

Applied research

- "practical results in mid term perspective"

Knowledge transfer

- Policy advice
- Foresters/ forest owners



Forest Research Institute Baden-Württemberg

FVA – Organisation





FVA – Human Resources

Employees in total **245** (as of 31.12.2014)

- Full-time 52 %
- Scientific 47 %







FVA – Third Party Funds

2007 bis 2015: in total 16.290.195 Mio.



FVA – Third Party Funds

Trend by origin





Research Funding Programmes

> International

- EU Framework Programmes, ERA-Nets, COST, Interreg...
- National
 - Forest Climate Fund, Renewable Resources (FNR)....
- Regional
 - Klimopass...







FVA - Co-operation

- University of Freiburg
 - "Freiburger Modell"
- European Forest Institute
 - Central European Regional Office EUROPEAN CENTRAL EUROPEAN
- waldwissen.net
 - Information for Forest Management
- nfz.forestnet
 - Regional Forest Research Network





EUROPEAN FOREST INSTITUTE CENTRAL EUROPEAN REGIONAL OFFICE - EFICENT



wisser



Information for forest management

Globalisation & internationalisation

- increasingly cross cutting issues
- worldwide trade conditions
- innovation in science
- invasive pests and diseases

Marginalisation of forestry in Europe

cuts in personnel and finances



Nature protection and demand for wood

- Biodiversity and protection of natural resources as prevailing topics in the 80s and 90s
- Increasing demand for wood as natural resource



More competition inside and outside sector

- more problem-oriented, integrated programs, less single research projects
 - => more integration
 - => loss of disciplinary focus
- more cross sector & cross disciplinary programs
 - challenge: how to find excellent partners?
- more participatory research!



Fragmentation of the sector (in Germany)

- > 200 associations/interest groups
- controversial interests



Sources of information

- IUFRO Directors' Forum
- IUFRO Division 9 proposals
- European Forest Institute (EFI) strategy
- Forest Technology Platform (FTP)
 - Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda
 - German Research Agenda
- National Forest Research Institutions



> In general:

- 80s and 90s decades of natural sciences, biodiversity, ecosystem research
- recent development → more demand for economics, forest utilisation, forest management, ecosystem services and social sciences
- Climate change, biodiversity and energy supply as dominating problems



> Topics:

- Climate change
- Sustainability of forests & forest management
- Wilderness
- Biodiversity, nature protection
- Economic viability of forests,
- Valuation of non commercial forest products
- Bioenergy
- Forests and water



> Topics:

- Genetics and breeding
- Forest ecosystem services
- Urbanisation
- Invasive species
- Forest fires
- etc.



IUFRO Survey 2014

Rank	Current Priorities			Future Priorities		
	Q3 Priority #1	Q3 Priority #2	Q3 Priority #3	Q4 Priority #1	Q4 Priority #2	Q4 Priority #3
1	Forest/Forestry	Forest/Forestry	Forest/Forestry	Forest/Forestry	Forest/Forestry	Forest/Forestry
2	Management	Management	Management	Climate Change	Climate Change	Social Issues
3	Climate Change	Trees	Sustainable	Management	Management	WATER
4	Protection	Fire	Wood	Sustainable	Biodiversity	Biodiversity
5	Biodiversity	Plantations	Products	Ecosystems	Global	Services
6	Use	Adaptation	Biodiversity	Service	Products/Productions	Ecosystems
7	Global	Climate Change	Conservation	Global	Services	Management
8	Sustainable	Conservation	Climate Change	Conservation	Social Issues	Climate Change
9	Resources	Genetics/Genomics	Plantations	Social Issues	Species	Products
10	Conservation	Social Issues	Forest Health	Economics	Environment	Species
11	Species				Inventory	Conservation
12	Multifunctional				Conservation	Restoration
13	Environment					Economics
14	Ecosystems					Forest Health
15	Forest Health					
oract focused priorities or estabujorde (computed decreasing in importance)						

Forest-focused priorities or catchwords (somewhat decreasing in importance)

External trends and drivers for new forest-related research priorities (gaining importance)

Broad holistic and/or interdisciplinary research priorities (gaining importance)

- >Two major aspects: Who and How
- ≻ Who?
 - do not let scientists set the agenda alone!
 - but prevent politicians from doing alone also!
 - involve stakeholders (beyond disciplines and sectors => challenge!)



≻ Who?

- interaction between politicians and scientists (push AND pull!!)
- scientists: anticipate future topics
- politicians: give some freedom (foresight!)



≻ How?

- structured processes inevitable (vs. freestyle)
 - increasingly scarce resources =>
 - strategy processes (e.g. IUFRO, EFI, FTP, CIFOR, national institutions) useful
 - area of conflict for public research institutes: assigned tasks vs. research
 - universities increasingly challenged
 - do not loose innovation!!
 applied research vs. breaking new ground



German Research Agenda of the Forest-based Sector

7 Strategic Fields of Action

- 01 Sustainable Production of Natural Resources
- 02 Developing More Bio-based Products
- 03 Networked Thinking, Efficient Production and Sustainable Business Practices
- 04 Supporting the Energy Turnaround
- 05 Reducing Climate Change and Controlling Its Effects
- 06 Protecting Nature and the Environment
- 07 Maintaining and Improving the Quality of Life and Work





FVA - Research Focus

from "Strategy 2014-2018"

How?

- Analysing the frame conditions and main challenges
- Obligation to cover the broad range of forestry
- Selection of 3 main research areas
- Upcoming demands may change the focus within the five years period



FVA - Research Focus

from "Strategy 2014-2018"

3 Main Research Areas

- Climate Impact Research
- Nature Conservation and Biodiversity in Forests
- Measurement and Evaluation of Sustainability



FVA – Main Research Area 1

> Climate Impact Research

- Changes in productivity
- Vulnerability
- Suitability of main tree species
- Future range of wildlife species (e.g. capercaillie)
- Economic evaluation



FVA - Main Research Area 2

- > Nature Conservation and Biodiversity in Forests
 - Forests with opened-up canopy
 - Animal and plant species with special demands
 - Large-scale inventory of forest structures
 - Biodiversity indicators
 - Indicators for habitat networks



FVA - Main Research Area 3

Measurement and Evaluation of Sustainability

- Strategic sustainability management
- Measuring and evaluation of the natural forest cover
- Nutrition of forest soils
- Sustainability of biodiversity
- Recreation and health



Cooperation

- No "closed shop"
- Incentives needed (research programs, etc.)
- Transparent reviews
- No top down process

Personnel

- less permanent
- more specialised ==> professional and transparent recruitment procedures



Funding and financing

- Stable core funding inevitable (50% plus!)
- Competitive third party funds, i.e. "soft money" (important also for quality assurance)
- Recent trends:
 - general cuts in core funding (forestry no "hot issue")
 - more competitive funding, "restricted to projects"
 - problem: shift from expertise to money?



➢ Organisation

- Make excellent scientists visible
- Identify emerging fields (e.g. genetics ...)
- Maintain proven (traditional?) expertise
- sharpen scientific profile <u>and</u> give policy service (recent IPCC-Problem)



➤Quality Management (QM)

- Internal and external
- External: classical instruments
 - ✓ reviewed publications (citation indices ...)
 be aware of limitations! ("citation circles")
 - \checkmark share of soft money
 - ✓etc.

 ✓ international performance indicators for benchmarking useful (NFRI-Survey)



don't be too mechanistic

➤Quality Management (QM)

Internal:

- ✓ written ethical standards (consequences for your
 institution: organisation, structures, documentation!)
- ✓ effective science controlling systems (by when, with how many resources, which objective)







Forest Research Institute Baden-Württemberg